

(Standard) Input and Output

Input

Keyboard, file, network

Output

Screen, file, printer, network

Abstraction

```
int scanf(          char *format, ...)
int fscanf(FILE *, char *format, ...)
int sscanf(char *, char *format, ...)
```

```
int printf(          char *format, ...)
int fprintf(FILE *, char *format, ...)
int sprintf(char *, char *format, ...)
```

```
fp = fopen("TENLINES.TXT", "w");
$ proj < myinputfile.txt
```

```
$ dir > myfilelist.txt
```

stdin, stdout, stderr

```
#include "stdio.h"
int
main( )
{
    FILE *funny;
    int c;
    funny = fopen("TENLINES.TXT", "r");
    if (funny == NULL)
        printf("File doesn't exist\n");
    else
    {
        do
        {
            c = getc(funny); /* get one character from the file */
            putchar(c); /* display it on the monitor */
        } while (c != EOF); /* repeat until EOF (end of file) */
        fclose(funny);
    }
}
```

```

#include "stdio.h"
int
main( )
{
    FILE *fp1;
    char oneword[100];
    int c;
    fp1 = fopen("TENLINES.TXT", "r");
    do
    {
        c = fscanf(fp1, "%s", oneword); /* got one word from the file */
        printf("%s\n", oneword); /* display it on the monitor */
    } while (c != EOF); /* repeat until EOF */
    fclose(fp1);
}

#include "stdio.h"
#define MAXLINE 1000
int
main( )
{
    FILE *fp1;
    char oneline[MAXLINE];
    char *c;
    fp1 = fopen("TENLINES.TXT", "r");
    do
    {
        c = fgets(oneline, MAXLINE, fp1); /* get one line from the file */
        if (c != NULL);
            printf("%s", oneline); /* display it on the monitor */
    } while (c != NULL); /* repeat until NULL */
    fclose(fp1);
}

#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
main() /* lower: convert input to lower case*/
{
    int c
    while ((c = getchar()) != EOF)
        putchar(tolower(c));
    return 0;
}

void filecopy(FILE *ifp, FILE *ofp)
{
    int c;
    while ((c = getc(ifp)) != EOF)
        putc(c, ofp);
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
main()
{
    double sum, v;
    sum = 0;
    while (scanf("%lf", &v) == 1)
        printf("\t%.2f\n", sum += v);
    return 0;
}

```

```

FILE *fp;
FILE *fopen(char *name, char *mode);
fp = fopen(name, mode)
read("r"), write ("w"), and append ("a").

```

```

if ((fp = fopen(myfilename, "r")) == NULL)
    ...

```

```

fprintf(stderr, "%s: error writing stdout\n", prog);

```

```

char *fgets(char *line, int maxline, FILE *fp)
int fputs(char *line, FILE *fp)

```

```

char *fgets(char *line, int maxline, FILE *fp)
fgets reads the next input line (including the newline) from file fp
into the character array line; at most
maxline-1 characters will be read. The resulting line is terminated with
'\0'. Normally fgets returns line; on end of file or error it returns NULL.
(Our getline returns the line length, which is a more useful value; zero
means end of file.)

```

For output, the function fputs writes a string (which need not contain a newline) to a file: int fputs(char *line, FILE *fp) It returns EOF if an error occurs, and non-negative otherwise.

```

/* getline: read a line, return length */
int getline(char *line, int max)
{
    if (fgets(line, max, stdin) == NULL)
        return 0;
    return strlen(line);
}

```

```
...
while (getline(line, MAXLINE) != 0)
{
    printf("Line is |%s|\n", line);

    line[strlen(line)] = '\0';

    printf("Line is |%s|\n", line);

    sscanf(line, "%d", &mynum);
    sum = sum + mynum;

    sscanf(line, "%d %d", &mynum1, &mynum2);
}
}
```

```

#include "stdio.h"
#define MAXLINE 1000
int
main( )
{
    FILE *fp1;
    char oneline[MAXLINE];
    char *c;
    int nlines = 0;
    int sum = 0;
    fp1 = fopen("TENLINES.TXT", "r");

    if (fp1 == NULL)
        printf("No file\n");
    else
    {
        do
        {
            c = fgets(oneline, MAXLINE, fp1); /* get one line from the
            file */
            if (c != NULL);
                printf("%s", oneline); /* display it on the monitor */
            oneline[strlen(oneline)-1] = '\0';
            sum += atoi(oneline);
            nlines++;
        } while (c != NULL); /* repeat until NULL */
        fclose(fp1);
        printf("mean is %lf \n", (    (double) sum  ) / ( (double) n ) );
    }
}

```

```

#include "stdio.h"
#define MAXLINE 1000
int
main( )
{
    FILE *fp1, *fp2;
    char oneline1[MAXLINE];
    char oneline2[MAXLINE];

    char *c1, *c2;
    int nlines = 0;
    fp1 = fopen("file1.TXT", "r");
    fp2 = fopen("file2.TXT", "r");

    if ((fp1 == NULL) || (fp2 == NULL))
        printf("No file\n");
    else
    {
        do
        {
            c1 = fgets(oneline1, MAXLINE, fp1); /* get one line from the
            file */
            c2 = fgets(oneline2, MAXLINE, fp2); /* get one line from the
            file */

            if ((c1 != NULL) && (c2 != NULL))
            {
                if (strcmp(c1, c2) == 0)
                    nlines++;
            }
        } while ((c1 != NULL) && ((c2 != NULL))); /* repeat until NULL */
        fclose(fp1);
        fclose(fp2);

        printf("equal lines are %d\n", nlines);
    }
}

```